



DIVING MEDICAL EXAM OVERVIEW FOR THE EXAMINING PHYSICIAN

TO THE EXAMINING PHYSICIAN:

This person, ________, requires a medical examination to assess their fitness for certification as a Scientific Diver for the University of the West Indies, Discovery Bay Marine Laboratory (UWI-DBML). Their answers on the Diving Medical History Form (attached) may indicate potential health or safety risks as noted. Your evaluation is requested on the attached scuba Diving Fitness Medical Evaluation Report. If you have questions about diving medicine, you may wish to consult one of the references on the attached list or contact one of the physicians with expertise in diving medicine (in particular one that is certified to assess fitness to dive) whose names and contact details appear on the Undersea Hyperbaric and Medical Society List of Physicians (https://www.uhms.org/education/credentialing/diving-medical-examiners.html) or the Divers Alert Network (https://www.uhms.org/education/credent

Thank you for your assistance.

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MEDICAL EXAMINATION FOR FITNESS TO SCUBA DIVE



Scuba and other modes of compressed-gas diving can be strenuous and hazardous. A special risk is present if the middle ear, sinuses, or lung segments do not readily equalize air pressure changes. The most common cause of distress is eustachian insufficiency. Recent deaths in the scientific diving community have been attributed to cardiovascular disease. Please consult the following list of conditions that usually restrict candidates from diving.

(Adapted from Bove, 1998: bracketed numbers are pages in Bove)

CONDITIONS WHICH MAY DISQUALIFY CANDIDATES FROM DIVING

- 1. Abnormalities of the tympanic membrane, such as perforation, presence of a monomeric membrane, or inability to autoinflate the middle ears. [5,7,8,9]
- Vertigo, including Meniere's Disease. [13]
- 3. Stapedectomy or middle ear reconstructive surgery. [11]
- 4. Recent ocular surgery. [15, 18, 19]
- 5. Psychiatric disorders including claustrophobia, suicidal ideation, psychosis, anxiety states, untreated depression. [20 23]
- 6. Substance abuse, including alcohol. [24 25]
- 7. Episodic loss of consciousness. [1, 26, 27]
- 8. History of seizure. [27, 28]
- 9. History of stroke or a fixed neurological deficit. [29, 30]
- 10. Recurring neurologic disorders, including transient ischemic attacks. [29, 30]
- 11. History of intracranial aneurysm, other vascular malformation or intracranial hemorrhage. [31]
- 12. History of neurological decompression illness with residual deficit. [29, 30]
- 13. Head injury with sequelae. [26, 27]
- 14. Hematologic disorders including coagulopathies. [41, 42]
- 15. Evidence of coronary artery disease or high risk for coronary artery disease. [33 35]
- 16. Atrial septal defects. [39]
- 17. Significant valvular heart disease isolated mitral valve prolapse is not disqualifying. [38]
- 18. Significant cardiac rhythm or conduction abnormalities. [36 37]
- 19. Implanted cardiac pacemakers and cardiac defibrillators (ICD). [39, 40]
- 20. Inadequate exercise tolerance. [34]
- 21. Severe hypertension. [35]
- 22. History of spontaneous or traumatic pneumothorax. [45]
- 23. Asthma. [42 44]
- 24. Chronic pulmonary disease, including radiographic evidence of pulmonary blebs, bullae, or cysts. [45,46]
- 25. Diabetes mellitus. [46 47]
- 26. Pregnancy. [56]

SELECTED REFERENCES IN DIVING MEDICINE

Available from Best Publishing Company, P.O. Box 30100, Flagstaff, AZ 86003-0100, the Divers Alert Network (DAN) or the Undersea and Hyperbaric Medical Society (UHMS), Durham, NC

- Elliott, D.H. ed. 1996. Are Asthmatics Fit to Dive? Kensington, MD: Undersea and Hyperbaric Medical Society.
- Bove, A.A. 2011. The cardiovascular system and diving risk. *Undersea and Hyperbaric Medicine* 38(4): 261-269.
- Thompson, P.D. 2011. The cardiovascular risks of diving. *Undersea and Hyperbaric Medicine* 38(4): 271-277.
- Douglas, P.S. 2011. Cardiovascular screening in asymptomatic adults: Lessons for the diving world. *Undersea and Hyperbaric Medicine* 38(4): 279-287.





- Mitchell, S.J., and A.A. Bove. 2011. Medical screening of recreational divers for cardiovascular disease: Consensus discussion at the Divers Alert Network Fatality Workshop. *Undersea and Hyperbaric Medicine* 38(4): 289-296.
- Grundy, S.M., Pasternak, R., Greenland, P., Smith, S., and Fuster, V. 1999. Assessment of Cardiovascular Risk by Use of Multiple-Risk-Factor Assessment Equations. AHA/ACC Scientific Statement. *Journal of the American College of Cardiology*, 34: 1348-1359. http://content.onlinejacc.org/cgi/content/short/34/4/1348
- Bove, A.A. and Davis, J. 2003. DIVING MEDICINE, Fourth Edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company.
- Edmonds, C., Lowry, C., Pennefather, J. and Walker, R. 2002. DIVING AND SUBAQUATIC MEDICINE, Fourth Edition. London: Hodder Arnold Publishers.
- Bove, A.A. ed. 1998. MEDICAL EXAMINATION OF SPORT SCUBA DIVERS, San Antonio, TX: Medical Seminars, Inc.
- NOAA DIVING MANUAL, NOAA. Superintendent of Documents. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.
- U.S. NAVY DIVING MANUAL. Superintendent of Documents, Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C.





UWI-DBML MEDICAL EVALUATION OF FITNESS FOR SCUBA DIVING REPORT

Name of Applicant (Print or Type):	
Date of Medical Evaluation (Month/Day/Year):	
To The Examining Physician: Scientific divers require positiness to engage in diving with self-contained underwater Medical History Form may indicate potential health or saturns and stress on the individual in several ways. Your evaluated by Your opinion on the applicant's medical fitness is requested be free of cardiovascular and respiratory disease (see refeability of the lungs, middle ears and sinuses to equalize proshould disqualify the applicant. Please proceed in accordance have questions about diving medicine, you may wish to come of the physicians with expertise in diving medicine (in whose names and contact details appear on the Understant (https://www.uhms.org/education/credentialing/diving-medicine.)	breathing apparatus (scuba). Their answers on the Diving fety risks as noted. Scuba diving is an activity that puts valuation is requested on this Medical Evaluation form. ed. Scuba diving requires heavy exertion. The diver must be brences, following page). An absolute requirement is the breastre. Any condition that risks the loss of consciousness are with the AAUS Medical Standards (Sec. 6.00). If you consult one of the references on the attached list or contact in particular one that is certified to assess fitness to dive) ea Hyperbaric and Medical Society List of Physicians
TESTS: THE FOLLOWING TESTS ARE <u>REQUIRED</u>):
 DURING ALL INITIAL AND PERIODIC RE-EXAM Medical history Complete physical exam, with emphasis on neuron Urinalysis Any further tests deemed necessary by the physical ADDITIONAL TESTS DURING FIRST EXAM OVE AGE 40): Chest x-ray (Required only during first exam over Resting EKG Assessment of coronary artery disease using Mulicage, lipid profile, blood pressure, diabetic screen Note: Exercise stress testing may be indicated based on the property of the profile of the pr	cian R AGE 40 AND PERIODIC RE-EXAMS (OVER er age 40) Itiple-Risk-Factor Assessment ¹ ning, smoking)
PHYSICIAN'S STATEMENT:	
01 Diver IS medically qualified to dive for:	☐ 2 years (over age 60) ☐ 3 years (age 40-59) ☐ 5 years (under age 40)
02 Diver <u>IS NOT</u> medically qualified to dive:_	Permanently Temporarily.
I have evaluated the abovementioned individual according medical standards and required tests for scientific diving medical conditions that may be disqualifying for participating medical condition(s) that would not disqualify him/he subsequent health. The patient understands the nature of conditions.	(Sec. 6.00 and Appendix 1) and, in my opinion, find no ion in scuba diving. I have discussed with the patient any r from diving but which may seriously compromise
Signature	Date





NAME OF PHYSICIAN:		
ADDRESS:		
TELEPHONE NUMBER: ()		
E-Mail Address:		
My familiarity with applicant is: ☐ This exam only	Regular physician for	_ years
My familiarity with diving medicine is:		





UWI-DBML MEDICAL EVALUATION OF FITNESS FOR SCUBA DIVING REPORT APPLICANT'S RELEASE OF MEDICAL INFORMATION FORM

	Name of Applicant (Print or Type)
I authorize the release of th	is information and all medical information subsequently acquired in association with my
	Officer or his/her designee at the University of the West Indies – Discovery Bay Marine
Laboratory on (date)	
Signature of Applicant	
Date	

REFERENCES

¹ Grundy, S.M., Pasternak, R., Greenland, P., Smith, S., and Fuster, V. 1999. Assessment of Cardiovascular Risk by Use of Multiple-Risk-Factor Assessment Equations. AHA/ACC Scientific Statement. *Journal of the American College of Cardiology*, 34: 1348-1359. http://content.onlinejacc.org/cgi/content/short/34/4/1348





DIVING MEDICAL HISTORY FORM

(To Be Completed By Applicant-Diver)

Name:	Sex	Age	_ Wt	Ht	
Organization:		D	ate /	' /	
(Dept./Project/Program/School, etc.)			(Mo/	Day/Yr)	

TO THE APPLICANT:

Scuba diving places considerable physical and mental demands on the diver. Certain medical and physical requirements must be met before beginning a diving or training program. Your accurate answers to the questions are more important, in many instances, in determining your fitness to dive than what the physician may see, hear or feel as part of the diving medical certification procedure.

This form shall be kept confidential by the examining physician. If you believe any question amounts to invasion of your privacy, you may elect to omit an answer, provided that you shall subsequently discuss that matter with your own physician who must then indicate, in writing, that you have done so and that no health hazard exists.

Should your answers indicate a condition, which might make diving hazardous, you will be asked to review the matter with your physician. In such instances, their written authorization will be required in order for further consideration to be given to your application. If your physician concludes that diving would involve undue risk for you, remember that they are concerned only with your well-being and safety.

	Yes	No	Please indicate whether or not the following apply to you	Comments
1			Convulsions, seizures, or epilepsy	
2			Fainting spells or dizziness	
3			Been addicted to drugs	
4			Diabetes	
5			Motion sickness or sea/air sickness	
6			Claustrophobia	
7			Mental disorder or nervous breakdown	
8			Are you pregnant?	
9			Do you suffer from menstrual problems?	
10			Anxiety spells or hyperventilation	
11			Frequent sour stomachs, nervous stomachs or vomiting spells	
12			Had a major operation	
13			Presently being treated by a physician	
14			Taking any medication regularly (even non-prescription)	
15			Been rejected or restricted from sports	
16			Headaches (frequent and severe)	
17			Wear dental plates	
18			Wear glasses or contact lenses	
19			Bleeding disorders	
20			Alcoholism	





	Yes	No	Please indicate whether or not the following apply to you	Comments
21			Any problems related to diving	
22			Nervous tension or emotional problems	
23			Take tranquilizers	
24			Perforated ear drums	
25			Hay fever	
26			Frequent sinus trouble, frequent drainage from the nose, post-nasal drip, or stuffy nose	
27			Frequent earaches	
28			Drainage from the ears	
29			Difficulty with your ears in airplanes or on mountains	
30			Ear surgery	
31			Ringing in your ears	
32			Frequent dizzy spells	
33			Hearing problems	
34			Trouble equalizing pressure in your ears	
35			Asthma	
36			Wheezing attacks	
37			Cough (chronic or recurrent)	
38			Frequently raise sputum	
39			Pleurisy	
40			Collapsed lung (pneumothorax)	
41			Lung cysts	
42			Pneumonia	
43			Tuberculosis	
44			Shortness of breath	
45			Lung problem or abnormality	
46			Spit blood	
47			Breathing difficulty after eating particular foods, after exposure to particular pollens or animals	
48			Are you subject to bronchitis	
49			Subcutaneous emphysema (air under the skin)	
50			Air embolism after diving	
51			Decompression sickness	
52			Rheumatic fever	
53			Scarlet fever	
54			Heart murmur	
55			Large heart	
56			High blood pressure	
57			Angina (heart pains or pressure in the chest)	





	Yes	No	Please indicate whether or not the following apply to you	Comments
58			Heart attack	
59			Low blood pressure	
60			Recurrent or persistent swelling of the legs	
61			Pounding, rapid heartbeat or palpitations	
62			Easily fatigued or short of breath	
63			Abnormal EKG	
64			Joint problems, dislocations or arthritis	
65			Back trouble or back injuries	
66			Ruptured or slipped disk	
67			Limiting physical handicaps	
68			Muscle cramps	
69			Varicose veins	
70			Amputations	
71			Head injury causing unconsciousness	
72			Paralysis	
73			Have you ever had an adverse reaction to medication?	
74			Do you smoke?	
75			Have you ever had any other medical problems not listed? If so, please list or describe below;	
76			Is there a family history of high cholesterol?	
77			Is there a family history of heart disease or stroke?	
78			Is there a family history of diabetes?	
79			Is there a family history of asthma?	
80			Date of last tetanus shot? Vaccination dates?	

Please explair	n any "yes" answers to the above questions.	
I certify that thistory.	he above answers and information represent an accurate and complete descrip	tion of my medical
	(Signature) (I	Date)